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Datasheet 0E-200-IN1

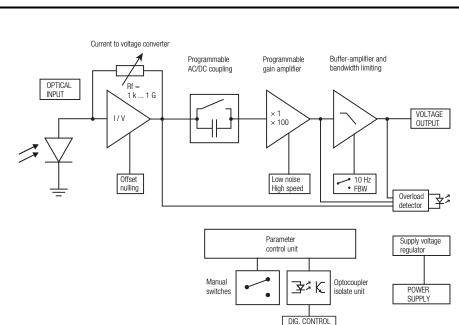
## Variable Gain Photoreceiver – Fast Optical Power Meter



The picture shows model OE-200-IN1-FST

Features	<ul> <li>InGaAs-PIN detector, active diameter 0.3 mm (FST version), 80 μm integrated ball lens (FC version)</li> <li>Spectral range 900 - 1700 nm</li> <li>Very low noise, NEP down to 7 fW/√Hz</li> <li>Bandwidth up to 500 kHz</li> <li>Conversion gain adjustable from 1 × 10³ up to 1 × 10¹¹ V/W</li> <li>Free-space input 1.035"-40 threaded</li> <li>Fiber optic input available as permanently mounted FC-input</li> <li>Factory calibrated at 1310 nm (fiber optic FC version only)</li> <li>Full manual and remote control capability</li> </ul>
Applications	<ul> <li>All-purpose very low-noise photoreceiver (O/E converter)</li> <li>Time resolved optical pulse and power measurements</li> <li>Optical front-end for oscilloscopes, spectrum analyzers, A/D converters and lock-in amplifiers</li> <li>Fast fiber optic power meter</li> </ul>

Block Diagram



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### Variable Gain Photoreceiver – Fast Optical Power Meter

### Fast Optical Power Meter

Intended Use

The OE-200-IN1 is a ultra-low noise variable gain photoreceiver. It is designed for fast and precise conversion of small optical signals into equivalent output voltages. Operation is mostly self-explanatory. If in doubt, consult this document or contact support@femto.de.

For safe operation, please refer to the damage thresholds specified in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings", "Temperature Range" and "Power Supply" sections of this document.

The operating environment must be free of smoke, dust, grease, oil, condensing moisture, and other contaminants that could affect the operation or performance.

**Available Versions** 

0E-200-IN1-FST



1.035"-40 threaded flange with internally threaded coupler ring (outer diameter 30 mm) for free space applications, compatible with many optical standard accessories

0E-200-IN1-FC



Fix/permanent FC fiber connector for high coupling efficiency and excellent conversion gain accuracy ( $\pm 5$  %)

Since illumination conditions with the permanently mounted fiber optic connector are well defined, the FC model is delivered with a factory calibrated conversion gain at 1310 nm.

The electro optical conversion gain factor of the FST free space model is set to fit nominally at 1310 nm.

Related OE-200 Models See separate datasheets for following models on www.femto.de:

Si Versions OE-200-SI-FST

Si-PIN, Ø 1.2 mm, 320 - 1060 nm, conversion gain adjusted at 850 nm, free space input, 1.035"-40 threaded flange

0E-200-SI-FC

Si-PIN, Ø 1.2 mm, 320 - 1060 nm, conversion gain calibrated at 850 nm, FC fiber connector (fix/permanent)

0E-200-UV-FST

Si-PIN,  $1.1 \times 1.1$  mm<sup>2</sup>, 190 - 1000 nm conversion gain adjusted at 850 nm,

free space input, 1.035"-40 threaded flange

0E-200-UV-FC

Si-PIN,  $1.1 \times 1.1 \text{ mm}^2$ , 190 - 1000 nm conversion gain calibrated at 850 nm, FC fiber connector (fix/permanent)

InGaAs Versions

0E-200-IN2-FST

InGaAs-PIN, Ø 300 µm, 900 - 1700 nm, conversion gain adjusted at 1550 nm, free space input, 1.035"-40 threaded flange

0E-200-IN2-FC

InGaAs-PIN, integrated ball lens, 900 - 1700 nm, conversion gain calibrated at 1550 nm,

FC fiber connector (fix/permanent)

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### Variable Gain Photoreceiver – **Fast Optical Power Meter**

Available Accessories

PRA-PAP



Alternative mounting option: post adapter plate, easy to mount on FEMTO photoreceiver series OE, FWPR, PWPR, HCA-S and LCA-S

PS-15-25-L



**Power Supply** Input: 100 - 240 VAC Output: ±15 VDC

LUCI-10



Compact digital I/O interface for USB remote control, supports opto-isolation of amplifier signal path from PC USB port, 16 digital outputs, 3 opto-isolated digital inputs, bus-powered operation

Specifications

Test conditions

 $V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ , output load impedance 1 M $\Omega$ , warm-up 20 minutes (min. 10 minutes recommended)

Gain

Conversion gain Gain accuracy

 $1 \times 10^3 \dots 1 \times 10^{11} \text{ V/W } (@ 1310 \text{ nm, output load} \ge 100 \text{k}\Omega)$ ±1 % electrical, between settings OE-200-IN1-FST (@  $P_{OPT} \le 2 \text{ mW}$ , 1310 nm) ±15 % nominal

Conversion gain accuracy

OE-200-IN1-FC (@  $P_{OPT} \le 1$  mW, 1310 nm)  $\pm 5$  % guaranteed by factory calibration, verified with SM 9/125, FC/APC, NA 0.13

Coupling efficiency depends on fiber type. When using FC/PC fiber connector, coupling efficiency may differ slightly. Fibers with core diameter larger than 62.5 µm will significantly reduce

the coupling efficiency.

Gain drift

see table below

Frequency Response

Lower cut-off frequency Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB) DC / 1 Hz, switchable

up to 500 kHz (see table below), switchable to 10 Hz

Input

Input offset current (dark current) 2 pA typ. Input offset drift

see table below

Input offset compensation range ±600 pA, adjustable by offset potentiometer or ±400 pA, adjustable by external control voltage

Optical CW saturation power Noise equivalent power (NEP) see table below see table below

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### Variable Gain Photoreceiver – **Fast Optical Power Meter**

Specifications (continued)
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Performance depending on Gain Setting

Gain setting (low noise) (V/W)**	$10^{3}$	10 <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	$10^{6}$	$10^{7}$	10 <sup>8</sup>	$10^9$
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB)	500 kHz	500 kHz	400 kHz	200 kHz	50 kHz	7 kHz	1.1 kHz
Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %)	700 ns	700 ns	900 ns	1.8 µs	7 µs	50 µs	300 µs
NEP (/√Hz)**	22 pW	2.7 pW	560 fW	170 fW	51 fW	16 fW	7 fW
Measured at	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz
Integr. input noise (RMS)***	25 nW	3.2 nW	750 pW	200 pW	56 pW	8.3 pW	1.3 pW
Input offset drift (/°C)**	40 nW	4 nW	0.4 nW	34 pW	3.4 pW	0.5 pW	0.4 pW
Gain drift (/°C)	0.008%	0.008%	0.008%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%
Optical CW saturation power**	2 mW	1 mW	0.1 mW	10 μW	1 µW	0.1 µW	10 nW
Gain setting (high speed) (V/W)**	10 <sup>5</sup>	$10^{6}$	$10^{7}$	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>9</sup>	$10^{10}$	1011
Gain setting (high speed) (V/W)**  Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB)		10 <sup>6</sup> 500 kHz				10 <sup>10</sup> 7 kHz	10 <sup>11</sup> 1.1 kHz
				200 kHz			
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB)	500 kHz	500 kHz	400 kHz	200 kHz	50 kHz	7 kHz	1.1 kHz
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %)	500 kHz 700 ns	500 kHz 700 ns	400 kHz 900 ns	200 kHz 1.8 μs	50 kHz 7 μs	7 kHz 50 μs	1.1 kHz 300 µs
Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) NEP (/\/Hz)**	500 kHz 700 ns 16 pW	500 kHz 700 ns 2.2 pW	400 kHz 900 ns 550 fW 10 kHz	200 kHz 1.8 µs 170 fW	50 kHz 7 μs 52 fW	7 kHz 50 μs 16 fW	1.1 kHz 300 µs 8 fW
Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) NEP (/\JHz)** Measured at	500 kHz 700 ns 16 pW 10 kHz	500 kHz 700 ns 2.2 pW 10 kHz	400 kHz 900 ns 550 fW 10 kHz	200 kHz 1.8 µs 170 fW 1 kHz 180 pW	50 kHz 7 μs 52 fW 1 kHz	7 kHz 50 μs 16 fW 100 Hz	1.1 kHz 300 µs 8 fW 100 Hz
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) NEP (/√Hz)** Measured at Integr. input noise (RMS)***	500 kHz 700 ns 16 pW 10 kHz 15 nW 40 nW	500 kHz 700 ns 2.2 pW 10 kHz 2.2 nW	400 kHz 900 ns 550 fW 10 kHz 630 pW 0.4 nW	200 kHz 1.8 µs 170 fW 1 kHz 180 pW 34 pW	50 kHz 7 μs 52 fW 1 kHz 52 pW	7 kHz 50 μs 16 fW 100 Hz 7.5 pW	1.1 kHz 300 µs 8 fW 100 Hz 1.2 pW
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) NEP (/√Hz)** Measured at Integr. input noise (RMS)*** Input offset drift (/°C)**	500 kHz 700 ns 16 pW 10 kHz 15 nW 40 nW	500 kHz 700 ns 2.2 pW 10 kHz 2.2 nW 4 nW 0.008%	400 kHz 900 ns 550 fW 10 kHz 630 pW 0.4 nW	200 kHz 1.8 µs 170 fW 1 kHz 180 pW 34 pW	50 kHz 7 μs 52 fW 1 kHz 52 pW 3.4 pW	7 kHz 50 µs 16 fW 100 Hz 7.5 pW 0.5 pW	1.1 kHz 300 µs 8 fW 100 Hz 1.2 pW 0.4 pW

<sup>\*\*</sup> referred to 1310 nm

The input referred peak-peak noise can be calculated from the RMS noise as follows:

 $P_{\text{Input noise peak-to-peak}} \ = P_{\text{Input noise RMS}} \times 6$ 

The output noise is given by: U <sub>Output noise RMS</sub>  $= P_{Input \ noise \ RMS} \times gain$ 

U Output noise peak-to-peak = U Output noise RMS  $\times$  6 = P Input noise RMS  $\times$  gain  $\times$  6

The integrated noise will be reduced considerably by setting the low pass filter to "10 Hz" instead of "FBW". This is especially useful for continuous wave (CW) measurements.

Detector

InGaAs-PIN photodiode Detector type Ø 300 µm (FST version) Active area

Ø 80 µm, integrated ball lens (FC version)

LOW bit: -0.8 V ... +1.2 V, HIGH bit: +2.3 V ... +12 V

Spectral range 900 - 1700 nm

0.87 A/W (@ 1310 nm), 0.95 A/W (@ 1550 nm) Sensitivity (FST version) Sensitivity (FC version) 0.89 A/W (@ 1310 nm), 0.97 A/W (@ 1550 nm)

Output

Output voltage  $\pm 10 \text{ V}$  (@ ≥100 k $\Omega$  output load) Output impedance 50  $\Omega$  (terminate with ≥100 k $\Omega$  load)

Max. output current ±30 mA (short-circuit proof)

Indicator LED Function overload

Digital Control Control input voltage range

Control input current 0 mA @ 0 V, 1.5 mA @ +5 V, 4.5 mA @ +12 V Overload output non active: <0.4 V @ 0 ... -1 mA

active: tvp. 5 ... 5.1 V @ 0 ... 2 mA

Ext. Offset Control

Control voltage range ±10 V Offset control input impedance 20 kΩConversion factor 40 pA/V

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<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The integrated input noise is measured with a shaded input in the full bandwidth ("FBW") setting (referred to 1310 nm).

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Specifications (continued)					
Optical Input Connector	Material FST flange Material FST coupler ring Material FC receptacle	1.4305 stainless steel, nickel-plated 1.4305 stainless steel, glass bead blasted nickel silver			
Power Supply	Supply voltage Supply current	$\pm 15$ V ( $\pm 14.75$ V $\pm 16.5$ V) $\pm 110$ / $-80$ mA typ. (depends on operating conditions, recommended power supply capability min. $\pm 200$ mA)			
Case	Weight Material	360 g (0.79 lbs) AlMg4.5Mn, nickel-plated			
Temperature Range	Storage temperature Operating temperature	-40 °C +80 °C 0 °C +60 °C			
Absolute Maximum Ratings	Optical input power (CW) Digital control input voltage Analog control input voltage Power supply voltage	20 mW -5 V/+16 V relative to digital ground DGND (pin 9) ±15 V relative to analog ground AGND (pin 3) ±20 V			
Connectors	Input	OE-200-IN1-FST 1.035"-40 threaded flange for free space applications			
	0.1.1	OE-200-IN1-FC FC fiber optic connector			
	Output	BNC jack (female)			
	Power supply	LEMO® series 1S, 3-pin fixed socket (mating plug type: FFA.1S.303.CLAC52)			
		PIN 2  -Vs  Pin 1: +15 V  Pin 2: -15 V  Pin 3: GND			
	Control port	Sub-D 25-pin, female, qual. class 2  (13			
		Pin 1: +12 V (stabilized power supply output*) Pin 2: -12 V (stabilized power supply output*) Pin 3: AGND (analog ground) Pin 4: +5 V (stabilized power supply output*) Pin 5: digital output: overload (referred to pin 3) Pin 6: signal output (connected to BNC) Pin 7: NC Pin 8: input offset control voltage Pin 9: DGND (ground for digital control pins 10 - 14) Pin 10: digital control input: gain, LSB Pin 11: digital control input: gain Pin 12: digital control input: gain, MSB Pin 13: digital control input: AC/DC Pin 14: digital control input: high speed / low noise Pin 15 - 25: NC  *stabilized power supply output current ±12 V: max. ±50 mA, +5V: max. 30 mA			

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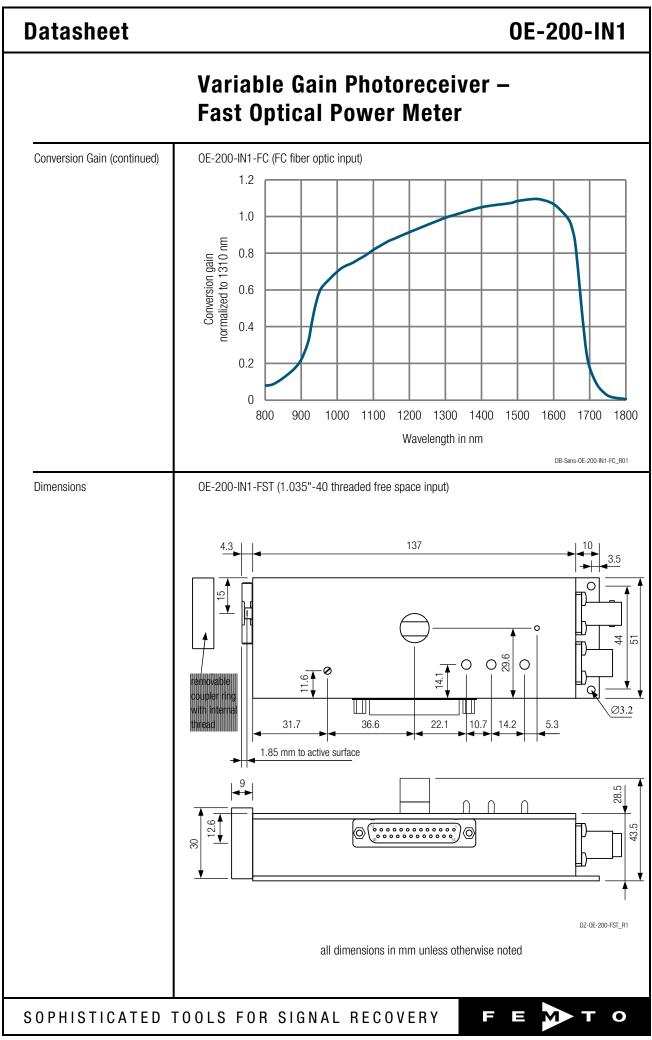
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Remote Control Operation	General	by logical OR control set the "AC" and "H"	ol input bits are function to loca e corresponding (High speed) a at the corresponding	al switch s g local sw .nd select	settings. For itches to " the wante	or remote Remote", d setting
			on, e.g. local g /DC setting, is			ote
		Switch setting "FBW / 10 Hz" of the low pass signal filter is not remote controllable.				
	Gain setting	Low noise Pin 14=HIGH gain (V/W)	High speed Pin 14=LOW gain (V/W)	Pin 12 MSB	Pin 11	Pin 10 LSB
		10 <sup>3</sup> 10 <sup>4</sup> 10 <sup>5</sup> 10 <sup>6</sup> 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>8</sup> 10 <sup>9</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup> 10 <sup>6</sup> 10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>8</sup> 10 <sup>9</sup> 10 <sup>10</sup>	LOW LOW LOW HIGH HIGH	LOW LOW HIGH HIGH LOW LOW	LOW HIGH LOW HIGH LOW HIGH
	Gain settling time	<150 ms				
	AC/DC setting	Coupling AC DC	Pin 13 LOW HIGH			
Scope of Delivery	OE-200-IN1, internally threaded coupler ring (FST version only), LEMO® 3-pin connector, datasheet, transport package					
Ordering Information	0E-200-IN1-FST 0E-200-IN1-FC	for use with va FC fiber optic	readed flange t arious types of connector t, FC/PC and F	optical st	andard acc	
Conversion Gain	0E-200-IN1-FST (1.035"-40 th	readed free spac	e input)			
	1.2 1.0 unwalized to 1310 mm 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.8 0.900 100		0 1300 14		0 1600	1700 180

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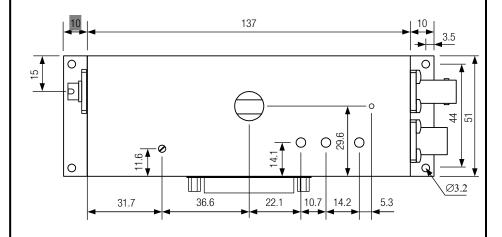
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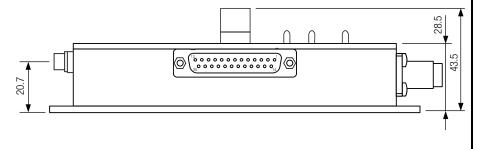
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## Variable Gain Photoreceiver – Fast Optical Power Meter

Dimensions (continued)

OE-200-IN1-FC (FC fiber optic input)





DZ-0E-200-FC\_R06

all dimensions in mm unless otherwise noted

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