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Quadrant geometry detectors PCQ, PVMQ, PVQ

PCQ series features room temperature IR photoconductive quadrant detectors

Detector type	Cooling, operating temperature $T [K]$	Optimal wavelength ^{*)} $\lambda_{opt} [\mu m]$	Detectivity ^{**)} $D^* \left[\frac{cm \cdot \sqrt{Hz}}{W} \right]$		Current responsivity length product @ λ_{opt} $R_l \cdot L \left[\frac{A \cdot mm}{W} \right]$	Time constant $\tau [ns]$	1/f noise corner frequency $f_c [kHz]$	Bias voltage length ratio $\frac{V_b}{L} \left[\frac{V}{mm} \right]$	Sheet resistance $R_{sq} [\Omega]$	Acceptance angle $\varnothing \left[^\circ \right], \frac{1}{2NA}$	Optical area of single element ^{***)} $[mm \times mm]$	Number of element	Distance between elements $[\mu m]$	Package	Window
			@ λ_{peak} [*] 20kHz	@ λ_{opt} 20kHz											
PCQ	uncooled, ~ 300	10.6	$\geq 1.9 \times 10^7$	$\geq 9.0 \times 10^6$	≥ 0.001	≤ 5	≤ 20	≤ 6.0	≤ 240	~ 70	0.05×0.05 0.1×0.1 0.2×0.2 0.25×0.25 0.5×0.5 1×1 2×2 3×3 4×4	4 (quadrant geometry)	20	TO8	no window

^{*)} Other optimal wavelengths available upon request.

^{**) Data sheet states minimum guaranteed D^* values for each detector model. Higher performance detectors can be provided upon request.}

^{***)} Other optical area available upon request.

PVMQ series features room temperature IR multiple junction photovoltaic quadrant detectors.

Detector type	Cooling, operating temperature $T [K]$	Optimal wavelength ^{*)} $\lambda_{opt} [\mu m]$	Detectivity ^{**)} $D^* \left[\frac{cm \cdot \sqrt{Hz}}{W} \right]$		Current responsivity length product @ λ_{opt} $R_l \cdot L \left[\frac{A \cdot mm}{W} \right]$	Time constant $\tau [ns]$	Resistance $R [\Omega]$	Acceptance angle $\varnothing \left[^\circ \right], \frac{1}{2NA}$	Optical area of single element ^{***)} $[mm \times mm]$	Number of elements	Distance between elements $[\mu m]$	Package	Window
			@ λ_{peak}	@ λ_{opt}									
PVMQ	uncooled, ~ 300	10.6	$\geq 2.0 \times 10^7$	$\geq 1.0 \times 10^7$	≥ 0.002	≤ 1.5	20 to 150	~ 70	1×1 2×2	4 (quadrant geometry)	200	TO8	no window

^{*)} Other optimal wavelengths available upon request.

^{**) Data sheet states minimum guaranteed D^* values for each detector model. Higher performance detectors can be provided upon request.}

^{***)} Other optical area available upon request.

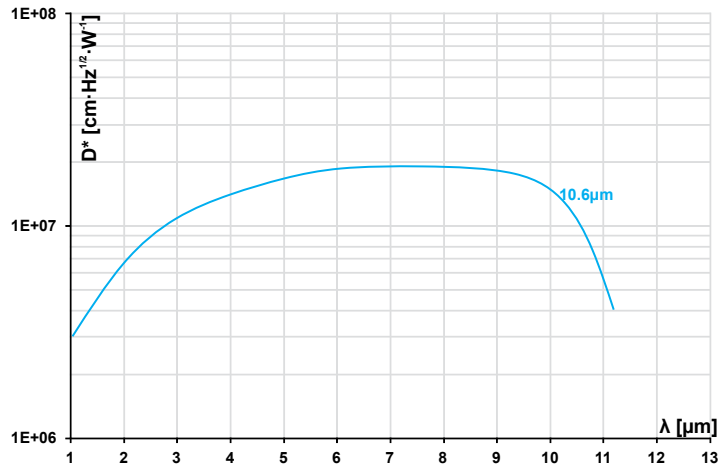
PVQ series features room temperature IR photovoltaic quadrant detectors. The main application of quadrant geometry detectors is laser beam positioning.

Detector type	Cooling, operating temperature $T [K]$	Optimal wavelength ^{*)} $\lambda_{opt} [\mu m]$	Detectivity ^{**)} $D^* \left[\frac{cm \cdot \sqrt{Hz}}{W} \right]$		Current responsivity @ λ_{opt} $R_i \left[\frac{A}{W} \right]$	Time constant $\tau [ns]$	Resistance optical area product $R \cdot A \left[\Omega \cdot cm^2 \right]$	Acceptance angle $\varnothing \left[^\circ \right]_{-2NA}$	Optical area of single element ^{***)} $[mm \times mm]$	Number of elements	Distance between elements $[\mu m]$	Package	Window
			@ λ_{peak}	@ λ_{opt}									
PVQ	uncooled, ~ 300	5	$\geq 2.0 \times 10^9$	$\geq 1.0 \times 10^9$	≥ 1	≤ 120	≥ 0.01	~ 70	0.1 x 0.1 0.2 x 0.2	4 (quadrant geometry)	30	TO8	no window

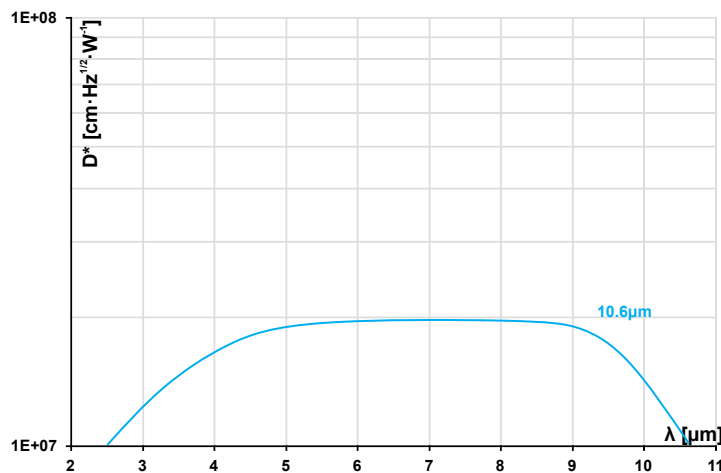
^{**) Data sheet states minimum guaranteed D^* values for each detector model. Higher performance detectors can be provided upon request.}

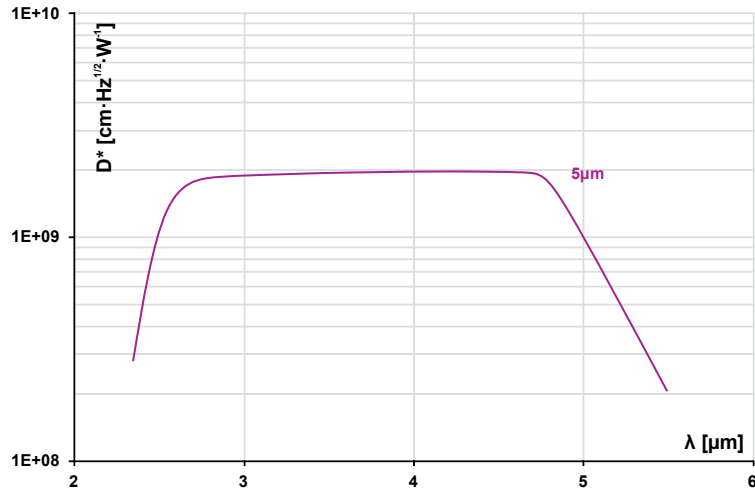
^{***) Other optical area available upon request.}

PCQ



PVMQ





^{*)}Example of D^* vs wavelength λ for HgCdTe detectors.
Spectral characteristics of individual detectors may vary from those shown in the chart.